

O Currently able to study

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ASSESSMENT BY MEDICAL/THERAPEUTIC STAFF

Compensation for disadvantages and/or exmatriculation owing to prolonged illness

I.	STUDENT'S PERSONAL DETAILS				
	Surname, first name(s):				
	Matriculation no:				
	Degree programme:				
II.	GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISABILITY/ILLNESS Compensation for disadvantages serves to ensure equality of opportunity for students with a disability and/or a chronic illness. This assessment serves as a basis for the determination of compensation for disadvantages and/or permission to exmatriculate or extend the duration of the degree course owing to chronic (prolonged) illness. Please take note of the following:				
	 a) Compensation for disadvantages is contingent on a plausible, detailed medical/therapeutic certificate. Any mere indication of incapacity for work fromto is not sufficient. This form serves to provide evidence of serious illnesses (such as metabolic disorder, mental illness, tumour disease, prolonged impairment of motor functions, etc.) and not of trivial illnesses (minor illnesses which do not require any diagnostic or therapeutic measures). b) Detailed evidence has to be provided of the medical/therapeutic basis on which (temporary) incapacity for study is attested. Medical reasons for someone's ability/inability to study are individual and depend on individual contexts. This is why a specialist's statement of these reasons in this form is important. Activities of daily studies that constitute studies with or without compensation for disadvantages include the following: revision for examinations and sitting examinations for several hours, maintaining concentration, working in groups, configuration of the residential environment, motivation management, adequate contact with faculty and fellow students, mobility on campus, interpersonal relations, coping with pressure and stress, a considerable amount of writing activity, etc. These points may serve to assess a student's individual situation (with or without compensation for disadvantages). c) In the case of subsequent rematriculation, it is necessary to prove that the symptoms which led to (temporary) incapacity for study have disappeared or are subsiding. Remaining symptoms and impairments may be compensated for by suitable measures such as extension of time, aids, etc. (cf. Point 5, Recovered ability to study). 				
1. Type and impact of the disability/illness: please indicate what disability/illness requires compedisadvantages and/or currently makes the student unable to study.					
	Description of the illness and/or disability:				
	Symptoms, including their concrete impact on the student's ability to study: (Example: MS has an impact on gross and fine motor skills. Examinations cannot be written by hand.)				
	Any (neuro)psychological test processes that have been applied (desirable with ADHS and dyslexia, in particular):				
	Please tick:				

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(Examples: extertaker, etc.)	sion of the degree course period, in	nterruption of studie	s, separate room, speci	fic aids, companion, br	reaks in examinations, note
Ouration of egressive?)	he required measure: l	now long is th	e measure expe	cted to be requi	ired (stable, progres
egressive?)	the required measure: It				ired (stable, progres
egressive?)					ired (stable, progres
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(Example: the ill	ness will remain stable, and the m	easures will be requi	red throughout the stu	dent's studies.)	nce, etc.) which hav
(Example: the ill	ness will remain stable, and the m	easures will be requi	red throughout the stu	dent's studies.)	nce, etc.) which hav
(Example: the ill matter proceum pact on the (Examples: - Owing to the s	ness will remain stable, and the m	peutic intervery (also if only to	ntions pending emporary)? If so	(op, convalescer, what interventi	nce, etc.) which havions, and when?
(Example: the ill matter proceum pact on the (Examples: - Owing to the s	ness will remain stable, and the medical/thera student's ability to study	peutic intervery (also if only to	ntions pending emporary)? If so	(op, convalescer, what interventi	nce, etc.) which havions, and when?
(Example: the ill matter proceum pact on the (Examples: - Owing to the s	ness will remain stable, and the medical/thera student's ability to study	peutic intervery (also if only to	ntions pending emporary)? If so	(op, convalescer, what interventi	nce, etc.) which havions, and when?

2. Compensation for disadvantages: what measures are recommended, and how do they compensate for the

5.	Recovered ability to study (full or partial remission): Point 5 is temporary incapacity for study was attested by a medical certificate. The symptoms defined at the time (please enclose the relevant certificate student has completely recovered his/her ability to study or is able for disadvantages as is described under Point 2 above. The recoversame specialist who attested the student's incapacity for study. If alternative course of action will have to be approved by the Dearequest.	te and who would now like to rematriculate. rtificate) have disappeared by now, and the to study with the help of such compensation ered ability to study must be attested by the this is not possible for objective reasons, an
	Reasons why the student is now able to study again. Documents illness/disability may be enclosed.	describing the progression of the
6.	Confirmation:	
	Address for queries, including telephone number of the physician	n or medical/therapeutic unit:
	Please confirm the correctness of the above information:	
	Place, date	Stamp, signature